

Bonjour la France



Happy Language Learning



French Parent Guide

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PARENTS' GUIDE

Welcome to La Jolie Ronde – the happy way to learn!

Whether a French speaker or not, there is a great deal that you can do to help your child learn French. Many parents learn along with their children! Here are some guidelines we've put together for each lesson and a transcript of the Audios with a translation.

Please be aware that it is very important that some activities are done in class with the teacher, and therefore it would be advisable to wait for communication from the teacher, rather than helping your child to complete exercises in advance.

The more your child can practise at home, the more he/she will get from the lessons and the quicker he/she will learn! It is very important for your child's language development to complete their homework in conjunction with the Audios/CDs. All the voices are native French speakers and listening to the correct pronunciation will ensure that your child always speaks with the right accent. The activity books and Audios/CDs have been specially created to help your child listen, speak, read and write French in a fun way.

GENERAL GUIDELINES

This programme can be a starting point for learning French, but very often it is a continuation from *Salut Céline et Antoine!*

Map: The map on page 2 is for reference and clearly shows each child the position of France in Europe. Paris and other major cities are marked on the map, together with rivers and mountains. Pages 3 and 4 are useful reference pages for your child and page 5 will be filled in as and when the teacher introduces the vocabulary.

Numbering the pages: At the bottom of each page, there is a square to write in the page number so that children can associate the correct spelling of each number with the same number in figures. Spelling of numbers is also listed on page 4.

Numbering each lesson: Children copy the correct spelling for the number of each lesson at the top of the page on the single line after the word *Leçon*.

Counting: Children count up to a higher number each lesson and write this number in figures inside the box and the number in letters on the dashes provided.

Weather box: Children follow instructions and either write the correct weather phrase under each picture, write the weather phrase relevant to the day on which they do their homework or listen to an Audio track and write the weather phrase they hear. At all times the children are encouraged to check their spellings carefully with the weather conditions listed on page 3.

Layout: Each activity is marked with a little cat (*chat*). When the cat is wearing headphones, there is something for your child to listen to. Cats without headphones indicate a reading/writing activity only. For complete beginners to *Bonjour la France*, the French alphabet is not taught until lesson 6, but the children will hear the first ten letters of the alphabet as receptive language over the first five lessons. You will find the track numbers of the Audio written in small rectangles under each of the cats wearing headphones.

For self-assessment purposes, some cats do not have mouths. The children are invited to draw a mouth on their faces. They can draw a smile depending on the way they feel about the activity or the way they think they have performed.

Key vocabulary: Children are taught a group of nouns in each lesson and each noun is presented with its corresponding picture. At the discretion of the teacher, children who already know these words well can be introduced to the extra words in the 'Et encore' section. Here they can link each picture to the correct word.

Songs: All the French words to the songs (*chansons*) are written on pages 44 and 45 and can also be found in this Parents' Guide, along with the English translation.

Role plays: There are many short role plays (*petites saynètes*) in this programme and the French for these is found on page 46, as well as in this Parents' Guide, along with the English translation. Encourage your child by acting out the different roles at home together!

Final pages: *Mon dictionnaire/Tout sur moi*: these can be filled in gradually at the teacher's discretion.

Parents, please note: the amount of writing done in the activity books during lesson time is at the teacher's discretion. Sometimes exercises will be completed in class and sometimes teachers will send a note or email home asking the children to complete a certain activity in their own time. This will vary from class to class, so please be guided by your child's teacher first and encourage your child/ren to only consolidate the language they have already learnt in their lessons.

LESSON 1

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?).

Cat A Child's Audio 1, track 1

zéro, un, deux, trois, quatre, cinq, six, sept, huit, neuf, dix (pause)	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 (pause)
trois, cinq, sept, neuf	3, 5, 7, 9 (x 2)
trois, cinq, sept, neuf	3, 5, 7, 9 (x 2)

Je compte jusqu'à (I count up to). Practise counting up to 10 with your child.

Children write 10 in the box and *dix* on the dashes provided.

J'écoute et j'entoure les numéros (I listen and circle the numbers). Children listen to the Audio and circle just numbers they hear.

Cat B Child's Audio 1, track 2

Song: Salut, bonjour, bonsoir, bonne nuit.	Hi, hello, good evening, goodnight.
Salut, bonjour, bonsoir, bonne nuit. Salut, bonjour, bonsoir, bonne nuit.	Hi, hello, good evening, goodnight. Hi, hello good evening, goodnight
Salut, comment t'appelles-tu ? Bonjour ! On joue dans la cour ?	Hi, what's your name? Hello! Shall we play in the playground?
Bonsoir, il fait noir. Bonne nuit, ne fais pas de bruit !	Good evening, it's dark. Good night, don't make a sound.
Salut, bonjour, bonsoir, bonne nuit. Salut, bonjour, bonsoir, bonne nuit.	Hi, hello, good evening, good night. Hi, hello, good evening, good night.
Au revoir, à bientôt.	Goodbye, see you soon.

Cat C Child's Audio 1, track 3

Song: Jamais on n'a vu

Jamais on n'a vu, vu, vu, Jamais on n'verra, ra, ra, Une petite souris, ris, ris, Sur l'oreille d'un chat, chat, chat.	We have never seen seen seen, We will never see -ee -ee, A little mouse -ouse -ouse, On the ear of a cat cat cat.
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(Repeated)

Cat D Child's Audio 1, track 4 Rappelle-toi ! C'est... (Remember! It's/This is)

The children listen carefully to the five nouns on the Audio. If the teacher has introduced the extra words (*Et encore* section), they can draw a line to link each word with the correct picture.

une voiture, un bateau, un avion, un train, un bus (pause)	a car, a boat, an aeroplane, a train, a bus (pause)
un vélo, une moto, une trottinette, un camion	a bike, a motorbike, a scooter, a lorry

Cat E Je complète les mots (I complete the words). Children can refer to the correct spelling at Cat D

Cat F Child's Audio 1, track 5

Song: Nord, sud, est, ouest

Nord, sud, est, ouest.

Nord, sud, est, ouest.

Où habites-tu ?

Où habites-tu ?

J'habite en Belgique

C'est fantastique.

J'habite en Allemagne

À la campagne.

J'habite en Italie

Oh, la belle vie.

Nord, sud, est, ouest.

Nord, sud, est, ouest.

Où habites-tu ?

Où habites-tu ?

J'habite en Espagne

À la montagne.

J'habite au Luxembourg

Bonjour !

J'habite en Suisse

Sur la neige, je glisse.

Nord, sud, est, ouest.

Nord, sud, est, ouest.

Où habites-tu ?

Où habites-tu ?

Nord, sud, est, ouest.

Nord, sud, est, ouest.

Où habites-tu ?

Où habites-tu ?

North, south, east, west.

North, south, east, west.

North, south, east, west.

Where do you live?

Where do you live?

I live in Belgium

It's fantastic.

I live in Germany

In the country.

I live in Italy

Oh, the beautiful life.

North, south, east, west.

North, south, east, west.

Where do you live?

Where do you live?

I live in Spain

In the mountains.

I live in Luxembourg

Hello!

I live in Switzerland

I am sliding on the snow.

North, south, east, west.

North, south, east, west.

Where do you live?

Where do you live?

North, south, east, west.

North, south, east, west.

Where do you live?

Where do you live?

Cat G Child's Audio 1, track 6

J'écoute et je travaille avec un copain ou une copine (I listen and I work with a (male) or (female) friend). Note: *un copain* = a male friend, *une copine* = a female friend.

- Bonjour, comment t'appelles-tu ?
- Je m'appelle Ophélie.
- Où habites-tu ?
- J'habite à Paris.
- C'est dans le nord de la France ?
- C'est dans le sud de la France ?
- C'est dans le nord de la France.
- Hello, what's your name?
- My name is Ophélie.
- Where do you live?
- I live in Paris.
- Is it in the north of France?
- Is it in the south of France?
- It's in the north of France.

Cat H *Et toi ?* (And you?). The children fill in their name and where they live.

Cat I Child's Audio I, track 7

J'écoute et je complète les phrases (I listen and I complete the sentences).

Children listen to the Audio and search amongst the words in the box for the correct answer to write down.

- *Où habites-tu, Mathieu ?*
J'habite en Espagne.
 - *Où habites-tu, Agathe ?*
J'habite en Italie.
 - *Où habites-tu, Alexis ?*
J'habite en Suisse.
 - *Where do you live, Mathieu?*
I live in Spain.
 - *Where do you live, Agathe?*
I live in Italy.
 - *Where do you live, Alexis?*
I live in Switzerland.

Cat J The children write the capital of France on the line provided.

LESSON 2

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?).

Cat A Child's Audio I, track 8

Je compte jusqu'à (I count up to). Practise counting to 15 with your child.

Children write 15 in the box and write *quinze* on the dashes provided.

J'écoute les numéros (I listen to the numbers).

onze, douze, treize, quatorze, quinze 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 (x2)
onze, douze, treize, quatorze, quinze

Cat B Je relie les mots aux numéros (I link the words to the numbers). Help your child to practise and become familiar with numbers 1-15 out of sequence.

Cat C Child's Audio I, track 9

Rappelle-toi ! C'est... (Remember! It's/This is).

The children listen carefully to the five nouns on the Audio. If your child already knows these words, help him/her to learn the words in the *Et encore* section.

une dame, un monsieur, une fille, un garçon, un bébé
(pause)

a lady, a man, a girl, a boy, a baby
(pause)

un frère, une sœur, un père, une mère, un grand-père, une grand-mère, un cousin, une cousine

a brother, a sister, a father, a mother, a grandfather, a grandmother, a cousin (boy), a cousin (girl)

Cat D Child's Audio I, track 10

J'écoute, je lis et j'invente un rythme avec un copain ou une copine (I listen, I read and I invent a rhythm with a friend). What type of beat will your child invent?

Je dessine ma famille ici ! (I draw my family here!).

Nous sommes une famille de : (We are a family of:). Children write down in French on the line provided how many people there are in their family.

Une famille de deux.

A family of two.

Une famille de six.

A family of six.

Une famille de quatre.

A family of four.

Une famille de dix !

A family of ten!

Père, mère,

Father, mother,

Frère et sœur.

Brother and sister.

Grand-père, grand-mère,

Grandfather, grandmother,

Bébé qui pleure ! Oin, oin !

Baby who is crying! Waah, waah!

Cat E: *Loto* (Lotto/bingo). Teachers will play a game in class.

Cat F Child's Audio I, track 11

Petit ou grand ? (Little or big?)

J'écoute et je copie les bons numéros dans les cases (I listen and copy the correct numbers into the squares).

*un – un petit avion, deux – un grand train,
trois – un grand avion, quatre – une petite fille,
cinq – trois grandes voitures, six – un petit garçon,
sept – deux grands bus, huit – une petite voiture,
neuf – cinq petits trains, dix – un grand garçon,
onze – un petit bus, douze – trois grandes filles.*

I – a small plane, 2 – a large train,
3 – a large plane, 4 – a small girl,
5 – 3 large cars, 6 – a small boy,
7 – 2 large buses, 8 – a small car,
9 – 5 small trains, 10 – a tall boy,
11 – a small bus, 12 – 3 tall girls.

Cat G *Qu'est-ce que c'est ?* (What is it?). Children look and circle yes (*oui*) or no (*non*) appropriately.

Cat H *Je complète les mots* (I complete the words). Children can refer to Cat C for accurate spelling.

Cat I Is *Lille* in the north or south of France? Children write down the correct answer and write *Lille* next to the map.

LESSON 3

Quel temps fait il ? (What's the weather like?)

Cat A Child's Audio I, track 12

Je compte jusqu'à (I count up to). Practise counting to 20 with your child.

Children write 20 in the box and write the number in word on the line provided.

*seize, dix-sept, dix-huit, dix-neuf, vingt
seize, dix-sept, dix-huit, dix-neuf, vingt*

16, 17, 18, 19, 20 (x2)

Cat B Child's Audio I, track 13

Song: *Salut, bonjour !*

Salut, bonjour !

Bonjour, salut.

Comment t'appelles-tu ?

Comment t'appelles-tu ?

Salut, bonjour !

Bonjour, salut.

Où habites-tu ?

Où habites-tu ?

Salut, bonjour !

Bonjour, salut.

Quel âge as-tu ?

Quel âge as-tu ?

Hi, Hello!

Hi, Hello!

Hello, hi.

What's your name?

What's your name?

Hi, Hello!

Hello, hi.

Where do you live?

Where do you live?

Hi, Hello!

Hello, hi.

How old are you?

How old are you?

Cat C Child's Audio I, track 14

J'écoute et je remplis les cases (I listen and fill in the boxes).

Et toi ? Quel âge as-tu ? (And you? How old are you?). Children fill in their own age.

J'ai 8 ans.

J'ai 9 ans.

J'ai 10 ans.

J'ai 11 ans.

I am eight years old.

I am nine years old.

I am ten years old.

I am eleven years old.

Et toi ? Quel âge as-tu ?

And you? How old are you?

Cat D Child's Audio I, track 15

Rappelle-toi ! C'est... (Remember! It's/This is).

The children listen carefully to the six nouns on the Audio. If the teacher has introduced the extra words (*Et encore* section), they can draw a line to link each word with the correct picture.

une maison, une fenêtre, une porte, un jardin, une fleur,

un arbre

(pause)

a house, a window, a door, a garden, a flower,

a tree

(pause)

Une cuisine, une chambre, un salon, un lit.

A kitchen, a bedroom, a lounge, a bed.

Cat E Mots brouillés (Scrambled words). Children look at the words at Cat D to help them write the letters in their correct order.

Cat F Child's Audio I, track 16

Quelle est ta couleur préférée ? (What's your favourite colour?).

Je préfère le (I prefer). Note: In French we say "I prefer THE red or THE blue" etc

rouge, bleu, jaune, vert, noir, blanc

red, blue, yellow, green, black, white

Cat G

Je relie les mots aux numéros (I link the words with the numbers).

Cat H Child's Audio I, track 17

J'écoute et je travaille avec un copain ou une copine (I listen and I work with a (male) or (female) friend).

Role play: Ah, zut alors !

Oh! Bother!/Oh, dear!

- Miaou !
- Écoute !
- Qu'est-ce que c'est ?
- C'est un chat.

- Miaou !
- Ouvre la porte.
- Non, toi, ouvre la porte.
- Où est le chat ?
- Je ne sais pas !
- Ah, zut alors !
- Ferme la porte, viens !

- Miaow!
 - Listen!
 - What is it?
 - It's a cat.
-
- Miaow!
 - Open the door.
 - No, you, open the door.
 - Where is the cat?
 - I don't know!
 - Oh! Bother!/Oh, dear!
 - Close the door, come here!

Cat I Child's Audio I, track 18

Je lis et je dessine (I read and I draw).

Après, j'écoute et je prononce correctement. (Afterwards I listen and pronounce correctly).

It is very important for children to practise copying the accents of the French voices on the Audio not only to develop and perfect accurate pronunciation from the start, but also to develop aural and reading skills. Please encourage your child to **listen** as much as they can and not just to **look**.

Une grande maison avec cinq fenêtres et deux portes.
Un jardin avec trois arbres, quatorze fleurs, un grand chat, un petit chat, une petite souris, une grande fille et un petit garçon.

A big house with five windows and two doors.
A garden with three trees, fourteen flowers, a big cat, a little cat, a little mouse, a tall girl and a little boy.

Cat J Is Nantes in the east or west of France? – Children write in the correct answer and then write the correct spelling of Nantes on the line provided.

LESSON 4

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?).

Cat A Child's Audio I, track 19

J'écoute et j'entoure les numéros (I listen and circle the numbers).

deux, cinq, dix, douze, quatorze, seize, vingt

2, 5, 10, 12, 14, 16, 20

Cat B Child's Audio I, track 20

En quelle saison sommes-nous ? (Which season are we in?). Children write the current season on the lines provided.

En quelle saison sommes-nous ?
Au printemps, en été, en automne, en hiver.

Which season are we in?
In spring, in summer, in autumn, in winter.

Cat C Child's Audio 1, track 21

The children listen carefully to the four nouns on the Audio. If the teacher has introduced the extra words (*Et encore* section), they can draw a line to link each word with the correct picture.

un parc, une ferme, une forêt, une plage
(pause)

a park, a farm, a forest, a beach
(pause)

la montagne, la campagne, la mer

the mountains, the countryside, the sea

Cat D Child's Audio 1, track 22

Je souligne les dix mots avec le son : on (I underline the ten words with the sound ‘on’).

(BONjour, maisON, papillON, camiON, bONsoir, cochON, liON, garçON, salON, aviON).

Bonjour, je suis dans une maison avec un papillon.

Hello, I am in a house with a butterfly.

Louis est dans un camion. Il dit “Bonsoir” à un cochon et un lion.

Louis is in a lorry. He says “Good evening” to a pig and a lion.

Le garçon est dans le salon. Il joue avec un avion.

The boy is in the lounge. He is playing with an aeroplane.

Cat E Child's Audio 1, track 23

Le rap du temps

The weather rap

Il fait froid, il fait chaud.

It's cold, it's hot.

Il fait mauvais, il fait beau.

It's bad/horrible weather, it's nice/lovely weather.

Il neige, il pleut, il y a du vent.

It's snowing, it's raining, it's windy.

C'est comme ça, le temps !

That's how it is with the weather!

(Repeated)

Cat F Child's Audio 1, track 24

Song: *Quel temps fait-il ?*

What's the weather like?

Quel temps fait-il ?

What's the weather like?

Aujourd'hui, il fait froid.

Today, it's cold.

Je reste et je joue chez moi.

I'm staying in and playing at home.

Quel temps fait-il ?

What's the weather like?

Aujourd'hui, il fait chaud.

Today, it's hot.

Je porte un grand chapeau.

I'm wearing a big hat.

Quel temps fait-il ?

What's the weather like?

Il fait mauvais.

It's bad/horrible weather.

Chante en français !

Sing in French!

Quel temps fait-il ?

What's the weather like?

Aujourd'hui, il fait beau.

Today, it's nice/lovely weather.

Je visite un château.

I'm visiting a castle.

Quel temps fait-il ?

What's the weather like?

Aujourd'hui, il neige.

Today, it's snowing.

Regarde les boules de neige !

Look at the snowballs!

(continued)

*Quel temps fait-il ?
Il y a du vent.
Regarde les cerfs-volants !*

*What's the weather like?
It's windy.
Look at the kites!*

*Quel temps fait-il ?
Aujourd'hui, il pleut
Et le ciel n'est pas bleu.*

*What's the weather like?
Today, it's raining
And the sky is not blue.*

Cat G Child's Audio I, track 25

J'écoute et je travaille avec un copain ou une copine (I listen and I work with a friend).

Role play: *Quel temps fait-il à Marseille ?*

What's the weather like in Marseille?

- *Salut ! Quel temps fait-il à Marseille ?*
- *Il fait beau. Je suis dans le jardin. Quel temps fait-il à Paris ?*
- *À Paris, il y a du vent et il fait froid. Brrr ! Je rentre chez moi !*

- *Hi! What's the weather like in Marseille?*
- *It's nice/It's lovely. I'm in the garden. What's the weather like in Paris?*
- *In Paris, it's windy and it's cold. Brrr! I'm going home!*

Cat H

C'est un ou une ? J'écris les mots sur le bon tableau (Is it un or une? I write the words on the correct 'whiteboard'). Children can refer to the preceding pages to ensure accurate spelling.

Cat I

Je complète les mots (I complete the words).

As before, children can check their spelling on preceding pages.

Cat J

Loto (lotto/bingo).

Cat K

*Is it hotter or colder in Marseille than in Lille? As it is generally warmer in the south of France, children write *chaud* on the line provided before writing *Marseille* next to the green map.*

LESSON 5

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?).

En quelle saison sommes-nous ? (Which season are we in?).

Cat A Child's Audio I, track 26

Je compte de: à (I count from: to). Help your child to practise counting backwards!

dix, neuf, huit, sept, six, cinq, quatre, trois, deux, un, zéro 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0

Cat B Can your child recognise these numbers written in French and work out the answers to the sums? Correct spelling of numbers can be found on page 4.

Cat C Child's Audio 1, track 27

Rappelle-toi ! C'est... (Remember! It's/This is).

The children listen carefully to the six nouns on the Audio. If the teacher has introduced the extra words (*Et encore* section), they can draw a line to link each word with the correct picture.

*un cochon, un papillon, un chien, un chat, un canard,
une poule
(pause)*

a pig, a butterfly, a dog, a cat, a duck,
a hen
(pause)

un mouton, un poussin, un fermier, un tracteur

a sheep, a chick, a farmer, a tractor

Cat D

Je cherche le mot caché. (I look for the hidden word).

If children look closely, they will see an extra letter in between *papillon/poule/canard/cochon* and *chien*, spelling the hidden word *CHAT*!

Cat E

Je complète les mots (I complete the words). Children refer to the nouns at Cat C and to the numbers at the foot of pages 2 and 3 to ensure accurate spelling.

Cat F Child's Audio 1, track 28

Je complète les phrases (I complete the sentences). Continue to encourage your child to check their spelling with the printed words in their book.

Voici un cochon.

Here is a pig.

Non, ce n'est pas un cochon, c'est un chien.

No, it isn't a pig, it's a dog.

Voici un chat.

Here is a cat.

Non, ce n'est pas un chat, c'est une poule.

No, it isn't a cat, it's a hen.

Voici un papillon.

Here is a butterfly.

Non, ce n'est pas un papillon, c'est un canard.

No, it isn't a butterfly, it's a duck.

Cat G Child's Audio I, track 29

Song: *Quel jour sommes-nous ?*

Quel jour sommes-nous ?

Quel jour sommes-nous ?

Lundi, mardi, mercredi,

Jeudi, vendredi,

Samedi, dimanche.

Lundi, mardi, mercredi,

Jeudi, vendredi.

Samedi,

Je reste au lit.

Dimanche,

Je fais de la planche.

Quel jour sommes-nous ?

Quel jour sommes-nous ?

What day is it?

What day is it?

What day is it?

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday,

Thursday, Friday,

Saturday, Sunday.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday,

Thursday, Friday.

Saturday,

I stay in bed.

Sunday,

I go surfing.

What day is it?

What day is it?

Note: *Je reste* means **I stay** in French and **NOT** *I rest!*

Cat H Child's Audio I, track 30

J'écoute et j'écris les bons numéros à côté des phrases et des images (I listen and I write the correct numbers next to the sentences and pictures).

Le lundi, je marche dans le jardin.

Le mardi, je suis au parc.

Le mercredi, je danse sur la plage.

Le jeudi, je saute sur le lit.

Le vendredi, je cours dans la forêt.

Le samedi, je joue au tennis.

Le dimanche, je joue au football.

Monday, I walk in the garden.

Tuesday, I am at the park.

Wednesday, I dance on the beach.

Thursday, I jump on the bed.

Friday, I run in the forest.

Saturday, I play tennis.

Sunday, I play football.

Quel est ton jour préféré ? (What is your favourite day?).

Cat I

Je complète les phrases (I complete the sentences). Children write down in French the first, third and fifth days of the week.

Cat J

Je lis et je colorie correctement (I read and I colour correctly). Children colour the small butterfly red, yellow and blue, the big butterfly green, black and white, the small duck yellow, green and blue and the big duck blue, black and red.

Cat K Child's Audio I, track 31

Song: Je ne comprends pas, répétez, s'il vous plaît

I don't understand, repeat, please

Comment t'appelles-tu ?
Je ne comprends pas,
Répétez, s'il vous plaît.

What's your name?
I don't understand,
Repeat, please.

Où habites-tu ?
Je ne comprends pas,
Répétez, s'il vous plaît.

Where do you live?
I don't understand,
Repeat, please.

Quel âge as-tu ?
Je ne comprends pas,
Répétez, s'il vous plaît.

How old are you?
I don't understand,
Repeat, please.

Qu'est-ce que c'est ?
Je ne comprends pas,
Répétez, s'il vous plaît.

What is it?
I don't understand,
Repeat, please.

Cat L What is the name of the river which flows through Rouen? Children can look at the map on page 2 to find out which river is the same as the one illustrated on the small green map here. They circle *La Seine* before writing *Rouen* onto the line provided.

LESSON 6

Cat A Child's Audio I, track 32

Je compte de: à (I count from: to). Help your child to practise counting from twenty one to thirty and to copy the correct pronunciation of each number.

Children write 30 in the box and write the number in words on the line provided.

vingt-et-un, vingt-deux, vingt-trois, vingt-quatre, vingt-cinq, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25,
vingt-six, vingt-sept, vingt-huit, vingt-neuf, trente 26, 27, 28, 29, 30

Cat B Child's Audio I, track 33

Quel temps fait il ? (What's the weather like?).

Children listen to the Audio and then write down the weather conditions they hear onto the lines provided. There is then space for them to write down the current weather relevant to the day they complete their book work.

Quel temps fait-il ?
Il fait beau et il fait chaud.

What's the weather like?
It's a lovely day/It's lovely weather and It's hot.

En quelle saison sommes-nous ? (Which season are we in?).

Quel jour sommes-nous ? (What day is it?).

Cat C Child's Audio 1, track 34

J'écris mon prénom et je prononce la première lettre (I write my first name and I pronounce the first letter). It is very helpful for children to know the French alphabet, but if they are beginners, it will only happen with lots of practise! Play the alphabet rap as often as possible!

Rap: L'alphabet

a b c d e f g
h i j k l m n o p
q r s t u v
w x y z !

(Repeated)

Cat D

Je complète (I complete). Children fit the seven days of the week into the squares.

Cat E Child's Audio 1, track 35

Rappelle-toi ! C'est ... Voici ... (Remember! It's/This is... Here is...).

The children listen carefully to the six nouns on the Audio. If the teacher has introduced the extra words (*Et encore* section), they can draw a line to link each word with the correct picture.

un oiseau, une vache, un cheval, une tortue, un escargot, a bird, a cow, a horse, a tortoise, a snail,
un lapin a rabbit

(pause) (pause)

un éléphant, un lion, un crocodile, un singe, un ours, an elephant, a lion, a crocodile, a monkey, a bear,
un tigre a tiger

Cat F Child's Audio 1, track 36

Je souligne les dix mots avec le son : ch (I underline the ten words with the sound : ch).

(CHaud, CHez, CHambre, CHats, CHeval, CHiens, vaCHes, dimanCHe, CHoucroute, CHocolats.) This is a listening exercise as well as a reading one. Pause the Audio and encourage your child to listen for the sounds before looking at them in the book.

Il fait chaud. Chez moi, dans ma chambre, il y a deux chats, un cheval, trois chiens et quatre vaches. Dimanche, je mange de la choucroute et des chocolats.

It's a hot day. At home, in my bedroom, there are two cats, a horse, three dogs and four cows. On Sunday, I eat some sauerkraut and some chocolates.

Cat G

Je complète avec le / la ou l' (I complete with *le/la* or *l'*). Note for non French speakers: *Le* is the masculine word for 'the', *la* is the feminine word for 'the' and *l'* is what the French write before a noun beginning with a vowel. Children can look back to Lesson 4, cat H to help them with this exercise.

Cat H

Je complète les mots (I complete the words). *Les* is the plural word for 'the'. This exercise is to remind children to add an 's' after the noun, as in French it is not pronounced for plural words, as it is in English.

Cat I Child's Audio I, track 37

J'écoute et je travaille avec un copain ou une copine (I listen and I work with a (male) or (female) friend).

Role play: C'est le chien de Pierre

- Écoute ! Qu'est-ce que c'est ?
- Je ne sais pas. Ouvre la fenêtre.
- Non, toi, ouvre la fenêtre !
- D'accord.
- C'est un chat ?
- Non, ce n'est pas un chat, c'est un chien.
- C'est le chien de Sophie ?
- Non, c'est le chien de Pierre.

It's Pierre's dog

- Listen! What is it?/What's that?
- I don't know. Open the window.
- No, you, open the window!
- Okay.
- Is it a cat?
- No, it isn't a cat, it's a dog.
- Is it Sophie's dog?
- No, it's Pierre's dog.

Cat J Child's Audio I, track 38

Je complète les phrases (I complete the sentences). Children listen to the Audio and fill in the gaps appropriately. Note that in French we say 'It is the tortoise of Pierre/It is the dog of Sophie' and the children will have been taught this by their teacher.

- C'est la tortue de Pierre
- C'est le chien de Sophie.
- C'est le lapin de François.
- C'est le cheval de Karine.
- C'est l'oiseau d'Émilie.
- It's Pierre's tortoise.
- It's Sophie's dog.
- It's François' rabbit.
- It's Karine's horse.
- It's Émilie's bird.

Cat K

Je cherche et j'entoure les six animaux (I look for and circle the six animals).

Cat L

What is the traditional dish of Strasbourg? Children circle the correct answer which is *la choucroute* (sauerkraut).

LESSON 7

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?).

En quelle saison sommes-nous ? (Which season are we in?).

Quel jour sommes-nous ? (What day is it?).

Cat A Child's Audio I, track 39

Je compte de: à (I count from: to) Help your child to count from 31 to 40, as well as practising numbers from 1-30!

Children write 40 in the box and write the number in words on the line provided.

trente-et-un, trente-deux, trente-trois, trente-quatre, trente-cinq, trente-six, trente-sept, trente-huit, trente-neuf, quarante	31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40
--	--

Cat B Child's Audio I, track 40

J'écoute et j'écris les numéros (I listen and write the numbers). Children listen to the Audio and write down the numbers they hear in the squares provided.

vingt-et-un, vingt-huit, trente, trente-quatre, trente-sept 21, 28, 30, 34, 37

Cat C Child's Audio I, track 41

Quelle est ta couleur préférée ? (What is your favourite colour?).

Je préfère le / l' (I prefer the) – See note to parents, lesson 3, cat F. Here, if the favourite colour of your child is orange, it will be preceded by l'. All the other colours will be preceded by le.

rose, marron, gris, orange, violet pink, brown, grey, orange, purple

Cat D Child's Audio I, track 42

Rappelle-toi ! C'est ... Voici ... C'est le/la/l' ... de ... (Remember! It's/This is ... Here is...)

It is X's...). The children listen carefully to the five nouns on the Audio. If the teacher has introduced the extra words (*Et encore* section), they can draw a line to link each word with the correct picture.

un poisson, une souris, un cochon d'Inde, un serpent,
un hamster
(pause)

a fish, a mouse, a guinea pig, a snake,
a hamster
(pause)

une cage, un panier, un aquarium, un clapier a cage, a basket, an aquarium, a rabbit hutch

Cat E

Je classe les mots par ordre alphabétique. (I class these words into alphabetical order).

Cat F Child's Audio I, track 43

Rap: Bonjour, comment ça va ?

Hello, how are you?

Bonjour, comment ça va ?
Ça va bien ou ça ne va pas ?
Bonjour, comment ça va ?
Ça va bien, merci.

Hello, how are you?
Are you well or not well?
Hello, how are you?
I am well, thank you.

Bonjour, comment ça va ?
Ça va bien ou ça ne va pas ?
Bonjour, comment ça va ?
Ça ne va pas !

Hello, how are you?
Are you well or not well?
Hello, how are you?
I am not well!

(Repeated)

Cat G Child's Audio I, track 44

J'écoute et je travaille avec un copain ou une copine (I listen and I work with a (male) or (female) friend).

Role play: Comment ça va ? Comment allez-vous ?

- Salut, Pierre.
- Salut, Peter. Voici mon petit frère. Il a quatre ans.
- Bonjour, comment allez-vous ?
- Non, non ! C'est « Salut, comment ça va ? »
- Ah, d'accord ! Salut, comment ça va ?

- Peter, voici ma grand-mère.
- Salut ! Comment ça va ?
- Non, non, non ! C'est « Bonjour, madame, comment allez-vous ? »
- Ah, zut alors ! Pardon, bonjour, madame, comment allez-vous ?
- Je vais bien, merci.

How are you?(fam) How are you?

- Hi, Pierre.
- Hi, Peter. Here is my little brother. He is four years old.
- Hello, how are you?
- No, no! It's "Hi, how are you?"
- Ah, Okay! Hi, how are you?

- Peter, here is my grandmother.
- Hi! How are you?
- No, no, no! It's "Hello, madam, how are you?"
- Oh, bother! Sorry, hello, madam, how are you?
- I'm well, thank you.

Cat H Child's Audio I, track 45

Song: C'est le chat de la sorcière

C'est le chat de la sorcière.
Il s'appelle Léon Gouttière.
Il habite dans une poubelle,
31, rue de Bruxelles.

C'est le chat de la sorcière.
Il s'appelle Léon Gouttière.
Il a deux sœurs et trois frères,
Qui ont mauvais caractère.

C'est le chat de la sorcière.
Il s'appelle Léon Gouttière.
Il aime le poisson pané,
Pour son petit-déjeuner.

It's the witch's cat.
His name is Léon Gouttière. (Une gouttière is a drainpipe).
He lives in a dustbin,
31, rue de Bruxelles.

It's the witch's cat.
His name is Léon Gouttière.
He has two sisters and three brothers,
Who are bad-tempered.

It's the witch's cat.
His name is Léon Gouttière.
He likes breaded fish,
For his breakfast.

Cat I

Children fill in their name, age, the town where they live, and how many sisters and brothers they have (if any). Je suis fils/fille unique means I am an only child – in French we say 'I am an only son' or 'I am an only daughter'. Fille means daughter as well as girl. Children can either stick in a photo of themselves here or draw a self portrait.

Children listen again to the song and/or look at the words to the song in the back of the book and fill in the gaps accordingly. They can decide themselves how old Léon is!

Children write about one of their friends.

Cat J Loto (lotto/bingo).

Cat K In Nice, the famous seafront is called *La Promenade des Anglais*. Children circle the correct response and write *Nice* next to the small green map.

LESSON 8

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?).

En quelle saison sommes-nous? (Which season are we in?).

Cat A Child's Audio 1, track 46

Je compte de: à (I count from: to). Help your child to practise counting from 41 to 50.

Children write 50 in the box and write the number in words on the line provided.

<i>quarante-et-un, quarante-deux, quarante-trois,</i>	41, 42, 43,
<i>quarante-quatre, quarante-cinq, quarante-six,</i>	44, 45, 46,
<i>quarante-sept, quarante-huit, quarante-neuf, cinquante</i>	47, 48, 49, 50

Cat B Child's Audio 1, track 47

Encourage your child to listen to the day of the week described on the Audio and to write it here.

<i>Quel jour sommes-nous ?</i>	What day is it?
<i>Mercredi !</i>	Wednesday!

Cat C

Je calcule et j'écris le numéro qui manque (I calculate and work out the missing number).

Does your child recognise these big numbers written in French without looking them up? Give lots of praise!

Cat D Child's Audio 1, track 48

Rappelle-toi ! C'est ... Voici ... C'est le/l'all' ... de ... (Remember! It's/This is... Here is... It's the... of...). The children listen carefully to the five nouns on the Audio. If the teacher has introduced the extra words (*Et encore* section), they can draw a line to link each word with the correct picture.

<i>une mouche, une abeille, une grenouille, une araignée,</i>	a fly, a bee, a frog, a spider,
<i>un ver de terre</i>	a worm
(pause)	(pause)

<i>la rivière, la terre, le ciel, une branche, une feuille</i>	the river, the soil, the sky, a branch, a leaf
--	--

Cat E Child's Audio I, track 49

J'écoute et j'écris les animaux (I listen and I write down the animals).

Quel est ton animal préféré ? (What's your favourite animal?). Je préfère les (I prefer the).

In French we say I prefer the cats (for example), not simply I prefer cats.

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| – s-o-u-r-i-s. | – (Spelling of) mouse. |
| – Je ne comprends pas, répétez, s'il vous plaît. | – I don't understand, repeat, please. |
| – s-o-u-r-i-s. | – (Spelling of) mouse. |
| – h-a-m-s-t-e-r. | – (Spelling of) hamster. |
| – Je ne comprends pas ! | – I don't understand! |
| – h-a-m-s-t-e-r. | – (Spelling of) hamster. |
| – l-a-p-i-n. | – (Spelling of) rabbit. |
| – Répétez, s'il vous plaît. | – Repeat, please. |
| – l-a-p-i-n. | – (Spelling of) rabbit. |

Cat F Child's Audio I, track 50

The verb être (to be) is one of the two most important verbs in the French language. Please help your child to learn it by listening to the song as often as possible!

Song: Je suis, tu es

Je, tu, il, elle
Nous, vous, ils, elles
Je, tu, il, elle
Nous, vous, ils, elles

I am, you are

I, you (familiar/singular), he, she
We, you (formal/plural), they (masculine or feminine), they (feminine)
I, you (familiar/singular), he, she
We, you (formal/plural), they (masculine or feminine), they (feminine)

Je suis
Tu es
Il est
Elle est... Répétez !
Je suis
Tu es
Il est
Elle est

I am
You are
He is
She is... Repeat!
I am
You are
He is
She is

Nous sommes
Vous êtes
Ils sont
Elles sont
Nous sommes
Vous êtes
Ils sont
Elles sont

We are
You are
They are
They are
We are
You are
They are
They are

<i>Je suis</i>	I am
<i>Tu es</i>	You are
<i>Il est</i>	He is
<i>Elle est</i>	She is
<i>Nous sommes</i>	We are
<i>Vous êtes</i>	You are
<i>Ils sont</i>	They are
<i>Elles sont</i>	They are

Cat G Child's Audio I, track 51

Children listen and match the pronoun with the appropriate part of the verb.

<i>Je suis</i>	I am
<i>Tu es</i>	You are
<i>Il est</i>	He is
<i>Elle est</i>	She is
<i>Nous sommes</i>	We are
<i>Vous êtes</i>	You are
<i>Ils sont</i>	They are
<i>Elles sont</i>	They are

Cat H

Je complète les réponses (I complete the answers). Children look for the answers to the questions in the pictures and ensure correct spelling by looking back to preceding pages.

Cat I

J'écris dans l'ordre (I write in order).

Cat J

Je regarde et je lis. Après, j'écoute. (I look and I read. Afterwards, I listen.)

There is an opportunity here for your child to write the final sentences in full, choosing the words from the text box as appropriate. Encourage your child to perfect their accent by repeating each sentence after the voice on the Audio.

Cat J Child's Audio I, track 52

Voici un ver de terre marron. Il est dans le jardin.
Voici une abeille jaune. Elle est sur la fleur.
Voici deux hamsters blancs. Ils sont sous l'arbre.
Voici deux mouches noires. Elles sont sur la fenêtre.
Voici un cheval gris. Il est dans la ferme.

Here is a brown worm. It is in the garden.
 Here is a yellow bee. It is on the flower.
 Here are two white hamsters. They are under the tree.
 Here are two black flies. They are on the window.
 Here is a grey horse. It is on (lit. 'in') the farm.

Cat K

Je copie les mots à la bonne place (I copy the words into the right place).

Cat L

What is the favourite sport in *Toulouse*? Children circle *le rugby* and write *Toulouse* next to the small green map.

LESSON 9

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?).

En quelle saison sommes-nous ? (Which season are we in?).

Quel jour sommes-nous ? (What day is it?).

Cat A Child's Audio 1, track 53

Je compte de ... à (I count from ... to). Help your child to practise counting from 51 – 60 as well as recognising numbers from 1-50 in and out of sequence.

Children write 60 in the box and write the number in words on the line provided.

<i>cinquante-et-un, cinquante-deux, cinquante-trois,</i>	51, 52, 53,
<i>cinquante-quatre, cinquante-cinq, cinquante-six,</i>	54, 55, 56,
<i>cinquante-sept, cinquante-huit, cinquante-neuf, soixante</i>	57, 58, 59, 60

Cat B Child's Audio 1, track 54

Song: *Un oiseau dans le poirier*

<i>Un oiseau dans le poirier.</i>	A bird in the pear tree.
<i>J'entends l'oiseau qui chante.</i>	I hear the bird that sings.
<i>Un oiseau dans le poirier.</i>	A bird in the pear tree.
<i>J'entends l'oiseau chanter.</i>	I hear the bird singing.
<i>J'entends l'oiseau. J'entends l'oiseau.</i>	I hear the bird. I hear the bird.
<i>J'entends l'oiseau qui chante.</i>	I hear the bird that sings.
<i>J'entends l'oiseau. J'entends l'oiseau.</i>	I hear the bird. I hear the bird.
<i>J'entends l'oiseau chanter.</i>	I hear the bird singing.

(Repeated)

Cat C Child's Audio 1, track 55

Rappelle-toi ! Voici ... (Remember! Here is...).

The children listen carefully to the seven nouns on the Audio. If the teacher has introduced the extra words (*Et encore* section), children can point to the relevant picture as they hear the words on the Audio.

<i>la tête, les yeux, le nez, la bouche, les oreilles, les cheveux,</i>	the head, the eyes, the nose, the mouth, the ears, the hair,
<i>le cou</i>	the neck
(pause)	(pause)

<i>les cheveux... blonds, bruns, noirs, roux</i>	the hair... blond, brown, black, redhead
<i>les yeux... verts, bleus, marron, gris</i>	the eyes... green, blue, brown, grey

Cat D Child's Audio I, track 56

Je souligne les treize mots avec le son : oi (I underline the thirteen words with the sound oi).

BonsOIr, tOI, mOI, frOI, revOI, mOI, vOlture, vOIs, pOlrier, trOls, Olseaux, pOlssons, nOlrs.

Bonsoir ! Quel temps fait-il chez toi ?

Chez moi, il fait froid.

Au revoir ! Je rentre chez moi en voiture.

Je vois un poirier, trois oiseaux et deux poissons noirs.

Good evening! What's the weather like at your place?

At my place, it is cold.

Goodbye! I'm going home by car.

I see a pear tree, three birds and two black fish.

Cat E Child's Audio I, track 57

Je vois, je sens, j'entends

I see, I smell, I hear

Cat F

Je complète les phrases (I complete the sentences).

Cat G

Loto (Lotto/Bingo).

Cat H Child's Audio I, track 58

J'écoute et je travaille avec un copain ou une copine (I listen and I work with a (male) or (female) friend).

Role play: J'entends un bruit !

- Écoute ! J'entends un bruit !
- Qu'est-ce que c'est ?
- Je ne sais pas. C'est une souris ?
- Non, ce n'est pas une souris. C'est un fantôme.
- Un fantôme ! J'ai peur !
- Ouvre la porte !
- Non, toi, ouvre la porte.
- D'accord.
- C'est un fantôme ?
- Non, ce n'est pas un fantôme.
- Qu'est-ce que c'est ?
- Regarde, c'est un cochon d'Inde. Ah ! Ah !

I hear a noise!

- Listen! I (can) hear a noise!
- What is it?
- I don't know. Is it a mouse?
- No, it isn't a mouse. It's a ghost.
- A ghost! I'm frightened!
- Open the door!
- No, you, open the door.
- Okay.
- Is it a ghost?
- No, it isn't a ghost.
- What is it?
- Look, it is a guinea pig. Ha, ha!

Cat I Child's Audio I, track 59

Je complète les mots (I complete the words). Children choose the correct words from one of the boxes. They can check their answers with the Audio. Et toi ? (And you?) An opportunity for your child to describe him/herself.

1. Voici monsieur Leblanc. Il est petit. Il est triste.
Il a les cheveux bruns.
2. Voici Charlotte. Elle est grande. Elle est triste.
Elle a les cheveux roux.
3. Voici madame Pérou. Elle est petite. Elle est contente.
Elle a les cheveux blonds.
4. Voici Clément. Il est grand. Il est content.
Il a les cheveux noirs.

1. Here is Mr. Leblanc. He is small. He is sad.
He has brown hair.
2. Here is Charlotte. She is tall. She is sad.
She has red hair.
3. Here is Mrs Pérou. She is small. She is happy.
She has blond hair.
4. Here is Clément. He is tall. He is happy.
He has black hair.

Cat J

Lyon is famous for its restaurants. Children circle the correct answer and write Lyon on the line next to the little green map.

LESSON 10

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?).

En quelle saison sommes-nous ? (Which season are we in?).

Quel jour sommes-nous ? (What day is it?).

Cat A Child's Audio I, track 60

Je compte de... à (I count from ... to). Help your child to practise numbers from 61 to 70 both in and out of sequence.

Children write 70 in the box and write the number in words on the line provided.

<i>soixante-et-un, soixante-deux, soixante-trois,</i>	61, 62, 63,
<i>soixante-quatre, soixante-cinq, soixante-six, soixante-sept,</i>	64, 65, 66, 67,
<i>soixante-huit, soixante-neuf, soixante-dix</i>	68, 69, 70

Cat B Child's Audio I, track 6I

See if your child can do the actions at the same time as singing!

Song: Secouez les mains

Shake your hands

Attention !

Watch out!

Secouez les mains.
Secouez les bras.
Touchez le ventre,
Les jambes,
Les pieds.
Tournez à gauche
Et recommencez !

Shake your hands. (lit. the hands)
Shake your arms. (lit. the arms)
Touch your tummy (lit. the tummy)
Your legs, (lit. the legs)
Your feet. (lit. the feet)
Turn to the left
And start again!

Encore une fois !

One more time!

Secouez les mains.
Secouez les bras.
Touchez le ventre,
Les jambes,
Les pieds.
Tournez à droite.
C'est terminé !

Shake your hands.
Shake your arms.
Touch your tummy
Your legs,
Your feet,
Turn to the right.
It's finished/over!

Cat C Child's Audio I, track 62

Rappelle-toi ! Voici ... (Remember! Here is...).

The children listen carefully to the six nouns on the Audio. They could point to their various body parts as they do so!

*les mains, les bras, le ventre, les coudes, les jambes,
les pieds*

the hands, the arms, the tummy, the elbows, the legs,
the feet

Cat D Child's Audio 1, track 63

Je relie les mots aux images (I join the words to the pictures). There are a lot of extra words here. The more your child can listen to this track and point to the right pictures, the quicker he/she will remember all the new vocabulary.

*Je fais... de la gym, de la course, de la danse,
de la natation, du judo, du ski, de l'équitation
(pause)*

I do gymnastics, I run, I dance, I swim, I do judo, I ski,
I go horse riding
(pause)

*Je joue... au football, au tennis, au rugby, au basketball,
à la console, de la guitare*

I play... football, tennis, rugby, basketball, on my games
console, I play the guitar.

Cat E Child's Audio 1, track 64

Song: *Je suis champion*

*Je suis champion,
Je suis champion
De rugby, de football,
Tennis, basketball,
Judo, ski, natation,
Danse, équitation.
Je suis champion.
Le sport, c'est si bon !*

I am a champion
I am a champion,
I am a champion
At rugby, at football,
Tennis, basketball,
Judo, skiing, swimming,
Dance, horse riding.
I am a champion.
Sport is so good!

(Repeated)

Quel est ton sport préféré ? (What is your favourite sport?) Children choose one of the sports listed.

Cat F

Je lis et je dessine (I read and I draw). A man with blond hair, a boy with a big mouth, a lady with small ears, a girl with big eyes.

Cat G Child's Audio 1, track 65

Je complète avec les voyelles (I complete with the vowels).

Strasbourg, Paris, Nantes, Marseille, Nice, Rouen, Toulouse, Lyon, Lille, Bordeaux.

Rap: *Les voyelles*
a, e, i, o, u, y
a, e,
a, e, i,
a, e, i, o, u, y
a, e,
a, e, i,
a, e, i, o, u, y

The vowels

Cat H Child's Audio I, track 66

J'écoute et j'écris le bon numéro dans le petit cercle (I listen and I write down the correct number in the little circle).

Un, je fais de la gym. Deux, je joue au tennis.
Trois, je fais de la danse. Quatre, je fais de la natation.
Cinq, je joue au football. Six, je joue à la console.
Sept, je joue de la guitare. Huit, je fais de la course.

1, I'm doing gymnastics. 2, I play tennis.
3, I dance. 4, I swim.
5, I play football. 6, I play games on the games console.
7, I play the guitar. 8, I run.

Cat I Child's Audio I, track 67

Tu viens jouer ?

Are you coming to play?

1 – Salut, je m'appelle Martin. Comment t'appelles-tu ?
2 – Je m'appelle Clément.
1 – Que fais-tu ?
2 – Je joue à la console.
1 – Ah, génial !
2 – Tu viens jouer ?
1 – Oui, merci.

I – Hi, my name is Martin. What's your name?
2 – My name is Clément.
1 – What are you doing?
2 – I'm playing on the games console.
1 – Ah, great!
2 – Are you coming to play? (lit.) Are you playing?
I – Yes, thanks.

Cat J

J'invente une autre saynète. Je travaille avec un copain ou une copine (I invent another sketch. I work with a (male) or (female) friend). Children can choose which activity or sport to fill in, referring to the correct spellings at cat D.

Cat K

The fine wines of Bordeaux are famous throughout the world. J'écris la bonne réponse (I write the correct answer.) Children write vins in the space provided and also Bordeaux on the line next to the little green map.

LESSON 11

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?).

En quelle saison sommes-nous ? (Which season are we in?).

Quel jour sommes-nous ? (What day is it?).

Cat A Child's Audio I, track 68

Je compte de ... à ... (I count from... to ...). To help your child learn the numbers 71-75, start by practising counting from 11 -15.

Children write 75 in the box and write the number in words on the line provided.

soixante-et-onze, soixante-douze, soixante-treize,
soixante-quatorze, soixantequinze

71, 72, 73,
74, 75

Cat B Child's Audio I, track 69

Rappelle-toi ! C'est ... Voici ... Je vois ... Je sens ... (Remember... It's...Here is... I see... I smell ...). The children listen carefully to the seven nouns on the Audio. If the teacher has introduced the extra words (*Et encore* section), children can point to the relevant picture as they hear the words on the Audio.

un fruit, un panier, une orange, une fraise, une clémentine, un pain a piece of fruit, a basket, an orange, a strawberry, a clementine, a loaf of bread

Cat C Child's Audio I, track 70

J'écoute et je complète (I listen and I complete).

<i>p-o-m-m-e</i>	(Spelling of) apple.
<i>Je ne comprends pas, répétez, s'il vous plaît.</i>	I don't understand, repeat, please.
<i>p-o-m-m-e</i>	(Spelling of) apple.

<i>b-a-n-a-n-e</i>	(Spelling of) banana.
<i>Je ne comprends pas !</i>	I don't understand!
<i>b-a-n-a-n-e</i>	(Spelling of) banana.

Cat D

Quel est ton fruit préféré ? Je préfère les (What is your favourite fruit? I prefer (the). Note that in French we say "I prefer **the** pears/apples/bananas" etc. Make sure your child writes an 's' on the end of their favourite fruit! E.g.: Je préfère les poires. In French the plural 's' is not pronounced.

Cat E Child's Audio I, track 7I

Song: Des baguettes dans une boulangerie (Some) Baguettes in a baker's shop

*Des baguettes dans une boulangerie.
Une baguette, s'il vous plaît – merci !*

(Some) Baguettes in a baker's shop
One baguette, please – thank you!

*Des saucisses dans une boucherie.
Trois saucisses, s'il vous plaît – merci !*

(Some) Sausages in a butcher's shop
Three sausages, please – thank you!

*Des tomates dans un grand marché.
Cinq tomates, s'il vous plaît – merci !*

(Some) Tomatoes in a big market.
Five tomatoes, please – thank you!

(Repeated)

Cat E

Je regarde le plan et je complète les phrases (I look at the plan and I complete the sentences). Children have been taught that colours sometimes have an extra 'e' if the noun is feminine and so they will need to consult the tables at the foot of the page to ensure correct spelling here.

Cat G Child's Audio I, track 72

J'écoute et je travaille avec un copain ou une copine (I listen and I work with a (male) or (female) friend).

Role play: Où est la boulangerie ?

- Pardon, madame, où est la boulangerie ?
- Je ne sais pas.
- Pardon, monsieur, où est la boulangerie ?
- Je suis anglais, je ne comprends pas !
Répétez, s'il vous plaît.

Note: the Englishman speaks French with a strong English accent so the children can be encouraged by realising how well they speak French because they don't sound like that!

- Où est la boulangerie ?
- Ah, je ne comprends pas !
- Zut alors ! Pardon, mademoiselle. Où est la boulangerie ? C'est à droite ? C'est à gauche ?
- La boulangerie ? C'est à gauche !
- Merci beaucoup ! Au revoir.

Where is the baker's shop?

- Excuse me, madam, where is the baker's shop?
- I don't know.
- Excuse me, sir, where is the baker's shop?
- I'm English, I don't understand.
Repeat, please.

Cat H

Je regarde dans le panier et j'entoure 'vrai' ou 'faux' (I look in the basket and I circle 'true' or 'false'). Encourage your child to count the items in French. Can your child tell you which items do not appear at all? (oranges and tomatoes!) 12 apples (True), 16 pears (False, there are 13), 14 bananas (True), 5 baguettes (False, there are 6), 7 cheeses (True).

Cat I

Je cherche (I look for). Six numbers are hidden in the wordsearch.

Cat J

Loto (Lotto/Bingo).

Cat K

A tourist boat in Paris on the river Seine is called a 'bateau mouche'. J'entoure la bonne réponse (I circle the correct answer). Children complete the word *La Seine* on the line provided.

LESSON 12

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?).

En quelle saison sommes-nous ? (Which season are we in?)

Cat A Child's Audio 1, track 73

Je compte de ... à ... (I count from... to...).

To help your child practise counting from 76 to 80, practise the numbers from 16 to 19. Ask your child if he/she can work out what the translation of eighty is in French. (Four twenties!)

Children write 80 in the box and write the number in words on the line provided.

soixante-seize, soixante-dix-sept, soixante-dix-huit,
soixante-dix-neuf, quatre-vingts

76, 77, 78,
79, 80

Cat B Child's Audio 1, track 74

Song: *C'est combien ?*

C'est combien ?

Trois euros.

C'est combien ?

Treize euros.

C'est combien ?

Vingt-trois euros.

C'est combien ?

Trente-trois euros.

C'est combien ?

Six euros.

C'est combien ?

Seize euros.

C'est combien ?

Vingt-six euros.

C'est combien ?

Trente-six euros.

How much is it?

How much is it?

Three euros.

How much is it?

Thirteen euros.

How much is it?

Twenty-three euros.

How much is it?

Thirty-three euros.

How much is it?

Six euros.

How much is it?

Sixteen euros.

How much is it?

Twenty-six euros.

How much is it?

Thirty-six euros.

Cat C Child's Audio 1, track 75

Quel jour sommes-nous ? (What day is it?). Make sure your child refers to cat D, lesson 6 to ensure the correct spelling of vendredi.

Quel jour sommes-nous ?

Vendredi !

What day is it?

Friday!

Cat D Child's Audio 1, track 76

Je lis les numéros (I read the numbers).

un, onze, vingt-et-un, trente-et-un

cinq, quinze, vingt-cinq, trente-cinq

deux, douze, vingt-deux, trente-deux

quatre, quatorze, vingt-quatre, trente-quatre

1, 11, 21, 31

5, 15, 25, 35

2, 12, 22, 32

4, 14, 24, 34

Cat E Child's Audio I, track 77

Rappelle-toi ! C'est ... Voici ... Je vois ... Je sens ... (Remember! It's... Here is... I see... I smell). The children listen carefully to the seven nouns on the Audio. If the teacher has introduced the extra words (*Et encore* section), children can point to the relevant picture as they hear the words on the Audio.

une saucisse, des frites, un poulet, une pomme de terre,
un oignon, une carotte, un chou
(pause)

a sausage, some chips, a chicken, a potato,
an onion, a carrot, a cabbage
(pause)

un légume, des petits pois, un poisson, un chou-fleur

a vegetable, some peas, a fish, a cauliflower

Cat F Child's Audio I, track 78

J'écoute et je complète (I listen and I complete).

- c-h-o-u
- Je ne comprends pas, répétez, s'il vous plaît.
- c-h-o-u

- c-a-r-o-t-t-e
- Je ne comprends pas !
- c-a-r-o-t-t-e

- o-i-g-n-o-n
- Répétez, s'il vous plaît.
- o-i-g-n-o-n

- (Spelling of) cabbage
- I don't understand, repeat, please.
- (Spelling of) cabbage

- (Spelling of) carrot
- I don't understand!
- (Spelling of) carrot

- (Spelling of) onion
- Repeat, please.
- (Spelling of) onion

Cat G

Quel est ton légume préféré ? (What is your favourite vegetable?). Please see notes in cat D, lesson II.

Cat H

Je cherche le mot caché (I look for the hidden word). If children look closely they will see the hidden letters of *p - o - u - l - e - t* (chicken) between the words *oignon, frite, tomate, oeuf, saucisse, pomme de terre*.

Cat I

Je colorie les animaux et les maisons (I colour the animals and the houses).

Cat J Child's Audio I, track 79

J'écoute et je travaille avec un copain ou une copine (I listen and I work with a (male) or (female) friend).

Role play: Au marché

- Bonjour, madame, je voudrais des bananes, s'il vous plaît.
- Des petites bananes ou des grandes bananes ?
- Des grandes bananes, s'il vous plaît.
- Des bananes vertes ou des bananes jaunes ?
- Je voudrais trois bananes jaunes, s'il vous plaît.
- Voici trois grandes bananes jaunes.
- C'est combien ?
- Deux euros.
- Merci.

At the market

- Hello, madam, I would like some bananas, please.
- Some small bananas or some large bananas?
- Some large bananas, please.
- Some green bananas or some yellow bananas?
- I would like three yellow bananas, please.
- Here are three large yellow bananas.
- How much is it?
- Two euros.
- Thank you.

Cat K Child's Audio I, track 80

Je complète (I complete). Can your child spell *jardin* without looking it up?

Où sont les bananes ? Elles sont au marché.

Où sont les oignons ? Ils sont dans le jardin.

Où sont les saucisses ? Elles sont dans la boucherie.

Où sont les poulets ? Ils sont dans le restaurant.

Where are the bananas? They are at the market.

Where are the onions? They are in the garden.

Where are the sausages? They are at the butcher's shop.

Where are the chickens? They are in the restaurant.

Cat L Child's Audio I, track 81

Je lis et je comprends l'e-mail (I read and I understand the email).

Salut ! Ça va ? Je suis à Marseille dans la grande ferme de ma grand-mère. C'est génial ! Il fait très beau et très chaud. Je suis ici pour cinq jours. Lundi, je joue au football au stade et mardi, je joue au tennis dans le parc. Mercredi, je fais un pique-nique avec mon cousin dans la forêt. Jeudi, je joue à la console.
À bientôt, Clément.

Hi! How are you? I am in Marseille at my grandma's big farm. It's great! The weather is very nice and very hot. I am here for five days. Monday, I play football at the stadium and Tuesday, I play tennis in the park. Wednesday, I'm having a picnic with my cousin in the forest. Thursday, I play on the games console.

See you soon, Clément.

Cat M Child's Audio I, track 82

Je réponds comme Clément (I answer as Clément).

- Où es-tu ?
- Je suis à Marseille dans la grande ferme de ma grand-mère.
- Quel temps fait-il ?
- Il fait très beau et très chaud.
- Que fais-tu lundi ?
- Lundi, je joue au football.
- Que fais-tu mardi ?
- Mardi, je joue au tennis.
- Où joues-tu au tennis ?
- Je joue au tennis dans le parc.

- Where are you?
- I am in Marseille, at my grandma's big farm (lit. in the farm)
- What's the weather like?
- It's very nice and very hot.
- What are you doing on Monday?
- On Monday, I play football.
- What are you doing on Tuesday?
- On Tuesday, I play tennis.
- Where do you play tennis?
- I play tennis in the park.

(continued)

- Où fais-tu le pique-nique ?
- Je fais le pique-nique dans la forêt.
- Where do you have the picnic?
- I have the picnic in the forest.

- Que fais-tu jeudi ?
- Jeudi, je joue à la console.
- What are you doing on Thursday?
- On Thursday I play on my games console.

Cat N

Along the river *Loire*, many castles (*châteaux*) can be seen. J'entoure la bonne réponse (I circle the correct answer). Children also write *La Loire* on the line next to the small green map.

LESSON 13

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?).

En quelle saison sommes-nous ? (Which season are we in?).

Quel jour sommes-nous ? (What day is it?).

Cat A Child's Audio 2, track 1

Je compte de ... à ... (I count from ... to...). Help your child to practise counting to from 81 – 90 and to revise all the numbers he/she has learnt to date.

Children write 90 in the box and write the number in words on the line provided.

quatre-vingt-un, quatre-vingt-deux, quatre-vingt-trois,	81, 82, 83,
quatre-vingt-quatre, quatre-vingt-cinq, quatre-vingt-six,	84, 85, 86,
quatre-vingt-sept, quatre-vingt-huit, quatre-vingt-neuf,	87, 88, 89,
quatre-vingt-dix	90

Cat B Child's Audio 2, track 2

J'entoure les numéros que j'entends (I circle the numbers that I hear).

douze, quatorze, dix-huit, vingt	12, 14, 18, 20
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Cat C Child's Audio 2, track 3

Rappelle-toi ! C'est ... Voici ... Je vois ... Je sens ... Je voudrais ... (Remember! It's... Here is ... I see... I smell... I would like ...). The children listen carefully to the seven nouns on the Audio. If the teacher has introduced the extra words (Et encore section), children can point to the relevant picture as they hear the words on the Audio.

une sucette, un gâteau, un bonbon, une glace, une crêpe, un pain au chocolat, un croissant (pause)	a lollipop, a cake, a sweet, an ice cream, a pancake, a pain au chocolat, a croissant (pause)
--	---

un biscuit, une glace à la fraise/à la vanille/au chocolat/ au caramel	a biscuit, a strawberry/vanilla/chocolate/ caramel ice cream
---	---

Cat D Child's Audio 2, track 4

Je souligne les onze mots avec le son : ou (I underline the eleven words with the sound: ou).

Answers: **doux, poule, rouge, cou, chou, souris, court, grenouille, ouvre, bouche, mouche.**

Il fait doux. Regarde la poule rouge.

Elle a un long cou. Elle mange un chou.

Regarde la souris. Elle court vite.

La grenouille ouvre la bouche et mange une mouche.

It's mild (weather). Look at the red hen.

It has a long neck. It's eating a cabbage.

Look at the mouse. It's running fast.

The frog opens its mouth and eats a fly.

Cat E Child's Audio 2, track 5

Song: Je voudrais aller au cinéma

Je voudrais aller au cinéma

Et manger une pizza.

Je voudrais jouer avec toi,

Céline, Maud et François.

Je voudrais écouter la radio

Dans ma petite Renault.

Je voudrais gagner au loto

Et vivre à Monaco.

Je voudrais manger des spaghetti

Avec tous mes amis.

Je voudrais regarder la télé,

Goûter une crème brûlée !

I would like to go to the cinema

I would like to go to the cinema

And eat pizza.

I would like to play with you,

Céline, Maud and François.

I would like to listen to the radio

In my little Renault.

I would like to win the lottery

And live in Monaco.

I would like to eat spaghetti

With all my friends.

I would like to watch telly,

And taste a crème brûlée!

Cat F Je lis et je souligne ce que je préfère (I read and underline what I prefer). Listen to your child read out each completed sentence in turn and give lots of praise for good pronunciation!

Cat G Child's Audio 2, track 6

J'écoute et je travaille avec un copain ou une copine (I listen an work with a (male) or (female) friend).

Encourage your child to act this and other role plays with you at home.

Role play: Je voudrais

- *Je voudrais aller au cinéma, et toi ?*
- *Moi, je voudrais aller au restaurant.*
- *D'accord. Je voudrais manger des saucisses.*
- *Non, moi, je voudrais manger des spaghetti.*
- *D'accord, des saucisses et des spaghetti !*
- *Et une grande glace au chocolat.*
- *Non, une crème brûlée !*
- *Mmm... Je voudrais goûter une crème brûlée.*
- *D'accord, une grande glace au chocolat et deux crèmes brûlées ! On y va !*
- *I'd like to go to the cinema, and what about you?*
- *Me (lit.), I'd like to go to the restaurant.*
- *Okay. I'd like to eat some sausages.*
- *No, me (lit.), I'd like to eat some spaghetti.*
- *Okay, some sausages and some spaghetti!*
- *And a large chocolate ice cream.*
- *No, a crème brûlée!*
- *Mmm... I'd like to taste a crème brûlée.*
- *Okay, a large chocolate ice cream and two crèmes brûlées! Let's go!*

Cat H Child's Audio 2, track 7

J'écoute et je complète (I listen and I complete). Children select the appropriate words from the box to fill in the blanks.

Listening:

Bonjour, je voudrais un gâteau, deux pains au chocolat, six croissants et trois baguettes, s'il vous plaît.

C'est combien ?

Onze euros cinquante.

Merci, au revoir.

Hello, I would like one cake, two pains au chocolat, six croissants and three baguettes, please.

How much is it ?

Eleven euros fifty.

Thank you, goodbye.

Cat I

Here is an opportunity for children to learn the location of another river – the *Garonne*, which flows through Toulouse (before ending its journey in the Atlantic Ocean). Children can consult their maps on page 2 (*Je regarde la carte, page 2*) to find out the name of the city marked with a dot on the green map, which is the answer to the question! *J'entoure la bonne réponse* (I circle the right answer). Your child can write *La Garonne* on the line next to the small green map.

LESSON 14

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?).

En quelle saison sommes-nous ? (Which season are we in?).

Quel jour sommes-nous ? (What day is it?).

Cat A Child's Audio 2, track 8

Je compte de ... à ... (I count from... to...)

Now your child can count from 11-20, and also from 80-90, the next few numbers should not present any problems!

Children write 95 in the box and write the number in words on the line provided.

quatre-vingt-onze, quatre-vingt-douze, quatre-vingt-treize, 91, 92, 93,
quatre-vingt-quatorze, quatre-vingtquinze 94, 95

Cat B

Je corrige les six fautes (I correct the six mistakes).

Cat C Child's Audio 2, track 9

Rappelle-toi ! C'est ... Voici ... Je vois ... Je voudrais ... (Remember! It's... Here is... I see... I would like...).

The children listen carefully to the eight nouns on the Audio. If the teacher has introduced the extra words (*Et encore* section), children can point to the relevant picture as they hear the words on the Audio.

une table, une chaise, une assiette, une fourchette,
un couteau, une cuillère, un verre, une tasse
(pause)

a table, a chair, a plate, a fork,
a knife, a spoon, a glass, a cup
(pause)

une serviette de table, un bol, un plateau, le sel, le poivre a napkin, a bowl, a tray, the salt, the pepper

Cat D

Je cherche les mots qui commencent par les lettres suivantes : t a b l e (I look for the words which start with the following letters). How many words can your child find in the book which start with the letters t – a – b – l – e ?

Cat E Child's Audio 2, track 10

J'écoute et je relie les numéros aux mots (I listen and I join the numbers to the words). Answers below!

- Quarante-six couteaux.
- Je ne comprends pas... Répétez, s'il vous plaît.
- Quarante-six couteaux.
- Cinquante-neuf fourchettes.
- Cinquante-neuf fourchettes.
- Trente-trois verres.
- Euh, répétez, s'il vous plaît.
- Trente-trois verres.
- Vingt-sept assiettes.
- Vingt-sept assiettes.
- Soixante tasses.
- Soixante tasses.
- 46 knives.
- I don't understand... Repeat, please.
- 46 knives.
- 59 forks.
- 59 forks.
- 33 glasses.
- Uh, repeat, please.
- 33 glasses.
- 27 plates.
- 27 plates.
- 60 cups.
- 60 cups.

Cat F Child's Audio 2, track 11

J'écoute et je travaille avec un copain ou une copine (I listen and I work with with a (male) or (female) friend).

Role play: Ça sent bon !

That smells nice!

- Ah ! Ça sent bon ! Qu'est-ce que c'est ?
- C'est un gâteau.
- C'est un gâteau au café ?
- Non, c'est un gâteau au chocolat.
- C'est pour moi ?
- Oui, c'est pour toi.
- Merci.
- C'est délicieux !
- Ah! That smells nice! What is it?
- It's a cake.
- Is it a coffee cake?
- No, it's a chocolate cake.
- Is it for me?
- Yes, it's for you.
- Thank you.
- It's delicious!

CHILD OPENS THE FRIDGE

- Ah ! Ça sent mauvais ! Qu'est-ce que c'est ?
- C'est le fromage de papa !
- Ah ! Ça sent très mauvais ! C'est dégoûtant !
- Ah! That smells awful! What is it?
- It's Dad's cheese!
- Ah! It really smells bad/horrible! It's disgusting!

Cat G Child's Audio 2, track 12

J'écris dans l'ordre. Ensuite, j'écoute pour me corriger (I write in the correct order. Afterwards I listen to correct myself).

Je sens une saucisse.
Je vois une araignée verte sur la table.
Je vois une araignée sur la table verte.
J'entends une vache dans la ferme.

I smell a sausage.
I see a green spider on the table.
I see a spider on the green table.
I hear a cow on the farm. (lit. in the farm)

Cat H

Loto (lotto/bingo).

Cat I

Je lis les phrases. Je regarde les images et j'entoure ‘vrai’ ou ‘faux’ (I read the sentences and I circle ‘true’ or ‘false’).

12 croissants – False (there are 10 croissants, 20 sausages – true, 4 tables – false, there are 3 tables, 2 large chocolate cakes – false, there are 3 large chocolate cakes, 5 chairs in the restaurant – true, 7 chickens in the butcher’s shop.

Cat J

The river *Rhône* ends its journey in the Mediterranean Sea. Children can look at their maps on page 2 to find the answer to the question. *J'entoure la bonne réponse* (I circle the right answer). They then write *Le Rhône* on the line provided.

LESSON 15

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?).

En quelle saison sommes-nous ? (Which season are we in?).

Quel jour sommes nous ? (What day is it?).

Cat A Child's Audio 2, track 13

Je compte de ... à ... (I count from... to...). This is a good point to revise all the numbers from 1 to 100. Practise counting in 10s, in 5s and even in 2s!

Children write 100 in the box and write the number in words on the line provided.

<i>quatre-vingt-seize, quatre-vingt-dix-sept,</i>	96, 97,
<i>quatre-vingt-dix-huit, quatre-vingt-dix-neuf, cent</i>	98, 99, 100

Cat B Child's Audio 2, track 14

Rappelle-toi ! C'est ... Voici ... Je vois ... Je sens ... Je voudrais ... (Remember! It's... Here is... I smell...I would like...). Ask your child to practise using the new vocabulary with these phrases to form whole sentences.

Quelle est ta boisson préférée ? (What is your favourite drink?). The definite article has been pre-written and so children only need to fill in the noun.

The children listen carefully to the seven nouns on the Audio. If the teacher has introduced the extra words (*Et encore* section), children can point to the relevant picture as they hear the words on the Audio.

<i>une limonade, un café, un thé, un jus d'orange, un chocolat chaud, de l'eau, du lait (pause)</i>	a lemonade, a coffee, a tea, an orange juice, a hot chocolate, some water, some milk (pause)
---	--

<i>une boisson, une brique de lait, un jus de pomme</i>	a drink, a carton of milk, an apple juice
---	---

Cat C Child's Audio 2, track 15

Quel jour sommes-nous ? (What day is it?). Children can refer to the relevant page of their book to ensure accurate spelling.

*Quel jour sommes-nous ?
Mardi !*

What day is it?
Tuesday!

Cat D

Je complète (I complete). – A fun way to practise the spelling of higher numbers.

Cat E Child's Audio 2, track 16

Je souligne les quatorze mots avec le son : in/ain (I underline the fourteen words with the sound in/ain). Make sure that your child understands that French words and sounds are not pronounced the same way as in English and emphasise the importance of listening carefully to the correct pronunciation on the Audio.

Answers: *quinze, juin, vingt, lapins, cinq, Inde, singe, trente-cinq, poussins, jardin, Martin, Vincent, pain, train.*

*Le quinze juin, je vois vingt lapins, cinq cochons d'Inde,
un singe et trente-cinq poussins dans le jardin.
Martin et Vincent mangent du pain dans le train.*

On the 15th of June, I see twenty rabbits, five guinea pigs,
a monkey and thirty-five chicks in the garden.
Martin and Vincent eat some bread on the train.

Cat F Child's Audio 2, track 17

Song: *C'est froid, c'est chaud !*

*Ah ! C'est froid, c'est froid.
J'aime la glace aux noix.
Ah ! C'est chaud, c'est chaud.
La soupe aux poireaux.*

*C'est froid, froid, froid.
C'est chaud, chaud, chaud.
C'est froid, c'est froid, c'est froid.
C'est froid, froid, froid.
C'est chaud, chaud, chaud.
C'est froid, c'est froid, c'est froid.*

It's cold, its hot!

Ah! It's cold, it's cold.
I like walnut ice cream.
Ah! It's hot, it's hot.
Leek soup.

It's cold, cold, cold.
It's hot, hot, hot.
It's cold, it's cold, it's cold.
It's cold, cold, cold.
It's hot, hot, hot.
It's cold, it's cold, it's cold.

(Repeated)

Cat G

Je relie ou j'écris les mots à la bonne place (I link up or I write the words in the correct place). Children read and identify the items listed in orange. They then decide if the item is hot or cold, placing the word inside the saucepan if hot and inside the ice-cream if cold.

Cat H

Je regarde les images et j'entoure les bons adjectives (I look at the pictures and circle the correct adjectives). Most children will understand the principle of adjective endings by now but it's always a good idea to have more practice at recognising the extra 'e' for feminine words. Answers: *blanche* (mouse is feminine), *bleue* (car is feminine too), *beau* (butterfly is masculine), *noir* (café is masculine), *belle* (girl is feminine) *blanc* (milk is masculine).

Cat I Child's Audio 2, track 18

Song: La ola

Préparez-vous !

Qui a les pommes ? Les fromages ? Les gâteaux ?
Les glaces ?
On y va !

J'aime les pommes. J'aime les fromages.

J'aime les gâteaux. J'aime les glaces.

J'aime les pommes, les fromages, les gâteaux, les glaces !

Très bien, on recommence !

Qui a les oignons ? Les carottes ? Les tomates ?

Les bananes ?

On y va !

Je n'aime pas les oignons. Je n'aime pas les carottes.

Je n'aime pas les tomates. Je n'aime pas les bananes.

Je n'aime pas les oignons, les carottes, les tomates, les bananes.

The ola (Mexican Wave)

Get ready!

Who has the apples? The cheese? The cakes?
The ice creams?
Let's go!

I like apples. I like cheese.

I like cakes. I like ice creams.

I like apples, cheese, cakes, ice creams!

Very good, let's start again!

Who has the onions? The carrots? The tomatoes?

The bananas?

Let's go!

I don't like onions. I don't like carrots.

I don't like tomatoes. I don't like bananas.

I don't like onions, carrots, tomatoes, bananas.

Cat J Child's Audio 2, track 19

J'aime Je n'aime pas. Et toi ? (I like, I don't like. What about you?).

This is an excellent exercise to strengthen aural skills. Children listen carefully to the Audio. In their books, they leave the hearts as they are if *Camille*, *Victor*, *Léa* and *Maxime* like the food illustrated at the top of each column, but put a cross through the hearts if the children say they don't like something. Answers below:

Camille : J'aime les choux. J'aime les frites. Je n'aime pas les pommes et je n'aime pas les oignons.

Victor : Je n'aime pas les choux. J'aime les frites et j'aime les pommes. Je n'aime pas les oignons.

Léa : Je n'aime pas les choux. Je n'aime pas les frites. Je n'aime pas les pommes. J'aime les oignons.

Maxime : J'aime les choux. J'aime les frites. Je n'aime pas les pommes. J'aime les oignons.

Camille: I like cabbages. I like chips. I don't like apples and I don't like onions.

Victor: I don't like cabbages. I like chips and I like apples. I don't like onions.

Léa: I don't like cabbages. I don't like chips. I don't like apples. I like onions.

Maxime: I like cabbages. I like chips. I don't like apples. I like onions.

Cat K Child's Audio 2, track 20

J'écoute et je relie les images (I listen and link up the pictures).

Une tasse de thé et un gâteau au chocolat.

Un jus d'orange et un sandwich au fromage.

Une limonade et une glace à la vanille.

Un chocolat chaud et un croissant.

De l'eau et un poulet avec des frites.

A cup of tea and a chocolate cake.

An orange juice and a cheese sandwich.

A lemonade and a vanilla ice cream.

A hot chocolate and a croissant.

Some water and chicken with some chips.

Cat L Child's Audio 2, track 21

J'écoute le poème (I listen to the poem). Pause the Audio after each pair of rhyming lines and see if your child can tell you what it means in English. After many times of listening to the poem, children may be able to recite the second line off by heart – with a bit of prompting by parents!

Poem:

*Il fait gris.
Je reste au lit !*

It's grey/dull.
I'm staying in bed!

*Il fait doux.
Ça, j'aime beaucoup !*

It's mild weather.
I like that a lot!

*Il y a du soleil.
J'entends les abeilles.*

It's sunny.
I (can) hear the bees.

*Il y a des nuages.
Ah, quel dommage !*

It's cloudy.
Ah, what a pity!

*Il y a du brouillard.
Où est mon foulard ?*

It's foggy.
Where is my (head) scarf?

*Il y a un orage !
Tant pis pour la plage !*

There's a storm/It's stormy weather!
Too bad/so much for the beach!

*L'orage est parti.
La pluie aussi !*

The storm has gone.
The rain too!

*Un arc-en-ciel !
La vie est belle !*

A rainbow!
Life is beautiful!

Cat M

What is the highest mountain in Europe? Answer: *Le Mont Blanc*. J'entoure la bonne réponse (I circle the right answer). Children look at the position of the Alps on the little green map and write *Les Alpes* on the line provided.

LESSON 16

En quelle saison sommes-nous ? (Which season are we in?).

Quel jour sommes-nous ? (What day is it?).

Cat A Child's Audio 2, track 22

Je compte jusqu'à : (I count up to:). Here the children write 150 in the rectangle and cent-cinquante on the line provided. Help your child to practise counting in tens.

*cent-dix, cent-vingt, cent-trente, cent-quarante,
cent-cinquante*

110, 120, 130, 140,
150

Cat B Child's Audio 2, track 23

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?). Children listen to the Audio and write the two answers on the lines provided, checking their spelling carefully with the reference pages at the beginning of the book.

- *À Rouen, il pleut.*
- *À Nice, il y a du soleil.*
- In Rouen, it's raining.
- In Nice, it's sunny.

Cat C Child's Audio 2, track 24

As children will only hear the names of the shops in this song, they could point to the various ‘counters’ or ‘aisles’ in their books as they listen. The order is different in the book making this activity more of a challenge!

Song: *Le supermarché*

Je suis avec Zoé au supermarché.

*Je vois Émilie
Au rayon boucherie.*

*Je vois Louis
Au rayon poissonnerie.*

*Je vois Henri
Au rayon pharmacie.*

*Je vois Sylvie
Au rayon pâtisserie.*

*Je vois Élodie
Au rayon boulangerie.*

*Je vois Sophie
Au rayon fromagerie.*

*Zoé, je présume,
Est au rayon légumes.*

*Et moi, je suis
Au rayon fruits.*

The supermarket

I am with Zoé in the supermarket

I see Émilie
At the meat counter.

I see Louis
At the fish counter.

I see Henri
At the chemist (lit.)/health and beauty aisle.

I see Sylvie
In the cake aisle.

I see Élodie
In the bread aisle.

I see Sophie
At the cheese counter.

Zoé, I presume,
Is in the vegetable aisle.

And I am
In the fruit aisle.

Cat D Child's Audio 2, track 25

Je travaille avec un copain ou une copine (I work with a (male) or (female) friend).

Ask your child to tell you in French where each of the food items listed at Cat D, and read out on the Audio track above, would be found in a supermarket. Non French speakers can check their child’s pronunciation with the song on the previous track. Children can colour code each of the items from A to P according to the signs above each of the eight aisles.

*des saucisses, six yaourts, douze sardines, deux biftecks,
cinq crevettes, une tarte aux fruits, du thon, deux
baguettes, trois pains au chocolat, une crème solaire,
un chou, un shampooing, sept croissants, des fraises, un
hamburger, du fromage*

some sausages, six yoghurts, twelve sardines, two steaks,
five prawns, a fruit tart, some tuna, two baguettes, three
pains au chocolat, sun cream, a cabbage, shampoo, seven
croissants, some strawberries, a hamburger, some cheese

Cat E Child's Audio 2, track 26

This song is a fun way to introduce the verb ‘avoir’ (to have). One of the two most important verbs in French. The more your child can listen to this and sing along the better!

Song: *J'ai des bonbons*

*J'ai des bonbons.
Tu as des bonbons.
Il a des bonbons.
Elle a des bonbons.
Nous avons des bonbons.
Vous avez des bonbons.
Ils ont des bonbons.
Elles ont des bonbons.*

(Repeated)

I have some sweets

I have some sweets.
You have some sweets. (familiar/singular)
He has some sweets.
She has some sweets.
We have some sweets.
You have some sweets. (formal/plural)
They have some sweets. (masculine or feminine and feminine)
They have some sweets. (feminine)

Cat F Child's Audio 2, track 27

Children refer to the table in Cat E and join up the pronouns with the correct part of the verb.

*J'ai, tu as, il a,
elle a, nous avons, vous avez,
ils ont,
elles ont*

I have, you have (familiar/singular), he has,
she has, we have, you have (formal/plural), they have
(masculine or feminine and feminine),
they have (feminine)

Cat G

Je relie les phrases aux images. (I link the sentences with the pictures).

Cat H Child's Audio 2, track 28

J'écoute et je travaille avec un copain ou une copine (I listen and work with with a (male) or (female) friend).

Role play: *J'ai faim ! J'ai soif !*

I'm hungry! I'm thirsty!

Dans la cuisine :

- *Maman, maman, j'ai faim ! Je voudrais un gâteau !*
- *Non, voici une pomme.*
- *Oh non ! Je n'aime pas les pommes. Je voudrais un gâteau ! S'il te plaît.*
- *Non, chérie, voici une banane.*
- *Oh non, je n'aime pas les bananes. Je voudrais un gâteau.*
- *Non, non, non. Pas de gâteau. Voici une poire !*
- *Ah, zut alors !*

In the kitchen:

- Mum, Mum, I am hungry! I would like a cake!
- No, here's an apple.
- Oh, no! I don't like apples. I would like a cake! Please.
- No, darling, here's a banana.
- Oh no, I don't like bananas. I would like a cake.
- No, no, no. No cake. Here's a pear!
- Ah, bother!

(continued)

Au café, papa regarde le menu :

- Papa, j'ai soif ! Je voudrais une limonade.*
- *Non, il n'y a pas de limonade. Il y a du lait.*
 - *Non. Je n'aime pas le lait. Je voudrais une limonade ! S'il te plaît.*
 - *Non, il n'y a pas de limonade. Ah ! Un jus d'orange ! Tu aimes le jus d'orange ?*
 - *Ah oui ! Super ! J'aime beaucoup le jus d'orange !*

In a café, Dad looks at the menu:

- Dad, I am thirsty! I would like a lemonade.
- No, there is no lemonade. There's milk.
- No. I don't like milk. I would like a lemonade!
Please.
- No, there is no lemonade. Ah, an orange juice!
Do you like orange juice?
- Ah yes! Super! I really like orange juice!

Cat I

Loto (lotto/bingo).

Cat J

Je colorie les mots en vert, jaune ou bleu (I colour the words in green, yellow or blue). Légumes (vegetables), fruits (fruit), boissons (drinks).

Cat K

In the *Jura* I eat ... *J'entoure la bonne réponse* (I circle the right answer). Children should already know the meaning of four of these words from previous lessons and so should be able to rule out fork and plate straight away! They can check on the internet for the correct answer which is *une raclette* – a speciality cheese dish. Children can see where the *Jura* mountains are on the little green map and write *Le Jura* on the line provided.

LESSON 17

En quelle saison sommes-nous ? (What season are we in?).

Quel jour sommes-nous ? (What day is it?).

Cat A Child's Audio 2, track 29

Je compte jusqu'à : (I count up to). Encourage your child to continue counting in tens up to 200.

Children write 200 in the box and write the number in words on the line provided.

<i>cent-cinquante, cent-soixante, cent-soixante-dix,</i>	<i>150, 160, 170,</i>
<i>cent-quatre-vingts, cent-quatre-vingt-dix, deux-cents</i>	<i>180, 190, 200</i>

Cat B Child's Audio 2, track 30

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?). Once again children have to listen carefully to the weather conditions described on the Audio and then write them down on the lines provided, checking spelling carefully with the reference page at the beginning of the book.

On the phone:

- *Allô ! Salut ! Je suis à la montagne. Il fait mauvais et il y a un orage !*
- *Salut ! Je suis à la plage. Il fait chaud et il y a du vent.*
- Hello! Hi! I'm in the mountains. It's nasty weather and there is a storm!
- Hi! I'm at the beach. It's hot and windy.

Cat C Child's Audio 2, track 31

J'écoute et j'écris les numéros (I listen and I write the numbers).

quatre-vingts, soixante-deux, soixante-douze, vingt-huit 80, 62, 72, 28

Cat D Child's Audio 2, track 32

Rappelle-toi ! Voici ... Je vois ... Je voudrais ... J'ai ... Je porte ... (Remember! Here is... I see... I would like...I'm wearing...)

The children listen carefully to the five nouns on the Audio. If the teacher has introduced the extra words (*Et encore* section), children can point to the relevant picture as they hear the words on the Audio.

un sac à dos, des bottes, un manteau, des chaussures, a rucksack/backpack, some boots, a coat, some shoes,
un bonnet a woolly hat

(pause) (pause)

une écharpe, des gants, un pull a scarf, some gloves, a pullover

Cat E

Je cherche le mot caché (I look for the hidden word). Answer: *manteau*.

Cat F Child's Audio 2, track 33

Song: *Les mois*

Janvier, février.

Mars, avril.

Mai, juin, juillet, août.

Septembre, octobre, novembre, décembre.

Janvier, février.

Mars, avril.

Mai, juin, juillet, août.

Septembre, octobre, novembre, décembre.

The months

January, February.

March, April.

May, June, July, August.

September, October, November, December.

January, February.

March, April.

May, June, July, August.

September, October, November, December.

Cat G Child's Audio 2, track 34

J'écoute et je travaille avec un copain ou une copine (I listen and I work with a (male) or (female) friend). Practise the role play with your child. He/she could change the date for their own birthday and also invent another idea for a present.

Role play: Joyeux anniversaire !

Dans la classe :

- Le maître : Quel jour sommes-nous ?
- Juliette : Nous sommes mercredi !
- Le maître : Quelle est la date d'aujourd'hui ?
- Juliette : Le 3 avril.
- Lucas : C'est l'anniversaire de Marc !
- Le maître : Viens ici, Marc. Regarde le cadeau sur la table.
- Marc : C'est pour moi ?
- Le maître : Oui, c'est pour toi.
- Marc : Qu'est-ce que c'est ?
- Le maître : Je ne sais pas, vite, ouvre !
- Marc : Génial ! Des bonbons, merci !
- Tous : Joyeux anniversaire !

Happy birthday!

In class:

- What day is it? (lit.: What day are we?)
- It's Wednesday! (lit.: We are Wednesday!)
- What's today's date?
- The 3rd of April.
- It's Marc's birthday!
- Come here, Marc. Look at the present on the table.
- Is it for me?
- Yes, it's for you.
- What is it?
- I don't know, quick, open it!
- Fantastic! Some sweets, thank you!
- Happy birthday!

Cat H Child's Audio 2, track 35

J'écoute, ensuite je lis et je traduis en anglais (I listen, then I read and translate into English).

Voici une fille. C'est une copine. Elle s'appelle Camille. Elle habite à Paris. Elle a dix ans. Elle porte un manteau vert, des bottes noires et un bonnet rouge. Elle aime les choux et les crêpes. Elle n'aime pas les oignons. Elle n'aime pas les poires.

Here is a girl. She's a friend. Her name is Camille. She lives in Paris. She is ten years old. She is wearing a green coat, some black boots and a red woolly hat. She likes cabbage and pancakes. She doesn't like onions. She doesn't like pears.

Cat I Child's Audio 2, track 36

Je complète les phrases et j'écoute (I complete the sentences and I listen). Help your child to complete the passage by looking at the pictures. All the spellings can be found within the pages of the book. Children can check their answers by listening to the Audio.

Voici un garçon. C'est un copain. Il s'appelle Martin. Il habite à Nantes. Il a neuf ans. Il porte un manteau bleu, des chaussures noires, un bonnet jaune et un sac à dos vert. Il aime les carottes et les croissants. Il n'aime pas les saucisses. Il n'aime pas le café.

Here is a boy. He's a friend. His name is Martin. He lives in Nantes. He is nine years old. He is wearing a blue coat, some black shoes, a yellow woolly hat and a green rucksack/backpack. He likes carrots and croissants. He doesn't like sausages. He doesn't like coffee.

Cat J

Which country is the closest to the Vosges? J'entoure la bonne réponse (I circle the right answer)

Children will be able to see from the map on page 2 that the country closest to this mountain range is Germany – L'Allemagne. They write Les Vosges on the line provided.

LESSON 18

En quelle saison sommes-nous ? (Which season are we in?).

Quel jour sommes-nous ? (What day is it?).

Quelle est la date d'aujourd'hui ? (What's the date today?).

Cat A Child's Audio 2, track 37

Je compte jusqu'à : (I count up to:). Help your child to count in fifties up to five hundred.

Children write 500 in the box and write the number in words on the line provided.

deux-cent-cinquante, trois-cents, trois-cent-cinquante,	250, 300, 350,
quatre-cents, quatre-cent-cinquante, cinq-cents	400, 450, 500

Cat B Child's Audio 2, track 38

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?). Four more weather conditions for your child to hear, understand and write down!

On the phone:

- Allô ! Bonjour ! Je suis à Toulouse. Il fait gris !
Il y a des nuages.
- Bonjour ! Je suis à Lille. Il fait doux. Il y a un arc-en-ciel.
- Hello! Hello! I am in Toulouse. It's grey/dull!
It's cloudy.
- Hello! I am in Lille. It's mild. There is a rainbow.

Cat C Child's Audio 2, track 39

*Rappelle-toi ! Voici ... Je vois ... Je voudrais ... J'ai ... Je porte ... (Remember! Here is... I see... I would like... I have... I'm wearing...). See if your child can use all of these phrases to make up his/her own sentences. The children listen carefully to the five nouns on the Audio. If the teacher has introduced the extra words (*Et encore* section), children can point to the relevant picture as they hear the words on the Audio.*

une jupe, des chaussettes, une chemise, un pantalon, une robe (pause)	a skirt, socks, a shirt, a pair of trousers, a dress (pause)
---	--

un sweat, un cardigan, un collant	a sweatshirt, a cardigan, a pair of tights
-----------------------------------	--

Cat D

Je classe les mots par ordre alphabétique (I put the words into alphabetical order).

Cat E Child's Audio 2, track 40

Je reconnaît les images et je lis les phrases (I recognise the pictures and I read the sentences). This is a very useful revision exercise to see how many of the phrases and words illustrated your child can remember! Some children might be able to swap the pictures around and invent some very bizarre sentences!

Je vois douze frites et un poulet sur la table.
J'entends une souris sous la chaise.
Je sens deux chaussettes dans le sac à dos.
Je vois six mouches noires sur le fromage.
Je sens des croissants dans la boulangerie.
Je vois deux cuillères grises sous l'assiette.

I see twelve chips and a chicken on the table.
I hear a mouse under the chair.
I smell two socks in the rucksack/backpack.
I see six black flies on the cheese.
I smell croissants in the bakery.
I see two grey spoons under the plate.

Cat F Child's Audio 2, track 41

J'écoute et je travaille avec un copain ou une copine (I listen and work with a friend). Remind your child that the word *il* in French means it as well as he. (*Elle* means it as well as she.)

Role play: Où est mon lapin ?

– Où est mon lapin ?
– Je ne sais pas.
– J'ai perdu mon lapin !
– Regarde, il est dans le jardin !

Where is my rabbit?

– Where is my rabbit?
– I don't know.
– I've lost my rabbit!
– Look, it's in the garden!

Cat G Child's Audio 2, track 42

J'écoute et je souligne la bonne réponse (I listen and I underline the correct answer).

As-tu un petit chat ? Non, j'ai un grand chien.
As-tu un beau cheval ? Oui, j'ai un beau cheval.
As-tu un grand frère ? Non, j'ai une petite sœur.
As-tu une belle chemise ? Non, j'ai un beau pantalon.

Do you have a little cat? No, I have a big dog.
Do you have a beautiful horse? Yes, I have a beautiful horse.
Do you have a big brother? No, I have a little sister.
Do you have a beautiful shirt? No, I have beautiful trousers.

Cat H

Loto (lotto/bingo). If not played in class, this is a good opportunity to play bingo in French as a family to practise the higher numbers or to revise numbers lower than one hundred.

Cat I Child's Audio 2, track 43

Quelle est la date d'aujourd'hui ? J'écoute et j'écris les dates. (What's the date today? I listen and I write the dates).

Quelle est la date d'aujourd'hui ?

What is the date today?

Aujourd'hui, c'est le dix-huit juillet.
Aujourd'hui, c'est le douze février.
Aujourd'hui, c'est le vingt-six août.
Aujourd'hui, c'est le trois novembre.

Today, it's the 18th of July.
Today, It's the 12th of February.
Today, it's the 26th of August.
Today, it's the 3rd of November.

Cat J

In *Le Massif Central* there are: *J'entoure les bonnes réponses* (I circle the correct answers).

Answers: volcanoes, a mountain, mineral water. Children might like to look up the answers on the internet themselves.

LESSON 19

En quelle saison sommes-nous ? (Which season are we in?).

Quel jour sommes-nous ? (What day is it?).

Quelle est la date d'aujourd'hui ? (What is the date today?).

Cat A Child's Audio 2, track 44

Je compte jusqu'à (I count up to). Can your child count up to 1,000 in fifties?

Children write 1,000 in the box and write the number in words on the line provided.

cinq-cent-cinquante, six-cents, six-cent-cinquante,	550, 600, 650,
sept-cents, sept-cent-cinquante, huit-cents,	700, 750, 800,
huit-cent-cinquante, neuf-cents, neuf-cent-cinquante, mille	850, 900, 950, 1,000

Cat B Child's Audio 2, track 45

Quel temps fait-il ? (What's the weather like?). Three more weather conditions for your child to hear, understand and write down!

On the phone:

- Allô ! Salut ! Je suis à Strasbourg ! Il y a du brouillard ! – Hello! Hi! I am in Strasbourg! It's foggy!
- Salut ! Je suis à Nantes. Ici, il y a des nuages et il fait doux. – Hi! I am in Nantes. Here, it's cloudy and it's mild.

Cat C Child's Audio 2, track 46

J'entoure les numéros que j'entends (I circle the numbers that I hear). Afterwards try asking your child to say out loud in French the numbers written in the book that he/she doesn't hear on the Audio. (77 soixante-dix-sept and 97 quatre-vingt-dix-sept).

quatre-vingt-seize, soixantequinze,	96, 75,
quatre-vingt-treize, quatre-vingt-quatre	93, 84

Cat D Child's Audio 2, track 47

Rappelle-toi ! Voici ... Je vois ... Je voudrais ... J'ai ... Je porte ... (Remember! Here is... I see... I would like... I have... I'm wearing...). Children listen carefully to the five nouns on the Audio. If the teacher has introduced the extra words (Et encore section), children can point to the relevant picture as they hear the words on the Audio.

une casquette, des lunettes de soleil, un short, un T-shirt, un chapeau (pause)	a cap, some sunglasses, (a pair of) shorts, a T-shirt, a hat (pause)
---	--

des sandales, une crème solaire, un maillot de bain, un short de bain, une serviette de bain	some sandals, sun cream, a swimsuit, swimming shorts, a bath towel
---	---

Cat E Child's Audio 2, track 48

Je souligne les vingt-quatre mots avec le son : au/eau (I underline the twenty four words with the sound: au/eau). Make sure that your child understands that French words and sounds are not pronounced the same way as in English and emphasise the importance of listening carefully to the correct pronunciation on the Audio. It would be a good idea to keep pausing the Audio, so that your child can copy the pronunciation of the voice/s.

Answers: *mauvais, chaud, chaussettes, chaussures, chapeau, manteau, saute, bateau, Audrey, Renaud, gauche, oiseau, jaune, beau, saucisse, gâteau, couteaux, l'eau, Maud, château, cadeau, seau, râteau, faux*.

Il fait mauvais mais il fait chaud. Je porte des chaussettes, des chaussures, un chapeau et un manteau. It's bad/horrible weather but it's hot. I'm wearing socks, shoes, a hat and a coat.

Je saute sur un bateau avec Audrey et Renaud.

I'm jumping on a boat with Audrey and Renaud.

*À gauche, je vois un oiseau jaune. Il est beau.
Je mange une saucisse et un gâteau avec deux couteaux.
Je bois de l'eau. Maud est dans un château.
Elle ouvre un cadeau. Qu'est-ce que c'est ?
Un seau, une pelle et un râteau. C'est vrai ou faux ?*

On the left, I see a yellow bird. It's beautiful.
I'm eating a sausage and a cake with two knives.
I drink some water. Maud is in a castle.
She opens a present. What is it?
A bucket, a spade and a rake. Is it true or false?

Cat F

Qu'est-ce que tu portes aujourd'hui ? Je porte ... (What are you wearing today? I'm wearing...). Your child can choose whether to underline, circle or colour all the clothes he/she is wearing.

Cat G Child's Audio 2, track 49

Help your child to learn the following rap by reciting it and leaving certain words for him/her to fill in.

Rap: *Le rap des vêtements*

The clothes rap

*Un sac à dos
Et un manteau.
Des chaussures bleues
Et un bonnet affreux.
Et... des bottes !*

A rucksack/backpack
And a coat.
Some blue shoes
And an awful woolly hat.
And... some boots!

*Une chemise
Et une jupe grise.
Des chaussettes
Et une robe violette.
Et... un pantalon !*

A shirt
And a grey skirt.
Some socks
And a purple dress.
And... some trousers!

*Une casquette
Et des lunettes.
Un chapeau chic
Et un short pratique.
Et... un T-shirt !*

A cap
And some glasses.
A trendy hat
And practical shorts.
And... a T-shirt!

Cat H

J'écris les mots à la bonne place (I write the words in the correct place). Animal words should be written over Noah's Ark, clothes words over the picture of a child and food items in the shopping trolley. All the nouns are written in either blue or red so that children can add *un/une* before each noun as appropriate.

Cat I

À mon tour ! Je travaille avec un copain ou une copine (My turn! I work with a (male) or (female) friend). Children now make up their own role play to describe what they have lost and where it is to be found. They can choose from the selection of words in their books.

Cat J

Je corrige les huit fautes (I correct the eight mistakes). Dans mon sac à dos j'ai : (In my backpack/rucksack I have). Answers: *un T shirt bleu* (not *bleue* as T shirt is masculine), *des lunettes de soleil*, (s on the end of *lunettes* required), *trois pantalons, douze chaussettes, vingt casquettes*, (the last three nouns all need a s to denote a plural word), *un short violet*, (not *violette* as short is masculine) *une chemise blanche* (not *blanc* as *chemise* is feminine) *un manteau vert* (not *verte* as *manteau* is masculine).

Cat K Child's Audio 2, track 50

What do you do? Which day? This is similar to the exercise in Lesson 15, cat J. Children listen to the Audio and write down their answers in the grid. If completing this activity at home, parents will need to pause the Audio for children to have time to write their answers. It would help if they used the abbreviated form of the days of the week (*lun, mar, mer, jeu, ven, sam, dim*).

Antoine : Salut ! Lundi, je fais de l'équitation. Mercredi, je joue au rugby avec mon copain. Je suis très sportif !

Agathe : Salut ! Moi, je n'aime pas le sport. Je reste à la maison et je joue à la console. Jeudi, je joue de la guitare.

Sylvain : Salut ! Mardi, je fais de la danse moderne.

Samedi, je fais de la course.

Émilie : Salut ! Vendredi, je fais de la natation et dimanche, je joue au football avec ma copine. Je suis très sportive.

Antoine: Hi! On Monday, I go horse riding.

On Wednesday, I play rugby with my friend (male). I am very sporty!

Agathe: Hi! I don't like sports. I stay at home and I play games on my games console. On Thursday, I play the guitar.

Sylvain: Hi! On Tuesday, I do modern dancing. On Saturday, I go running.

Émilie: Hi! On Friday, I swim and on Sunday, I play football with my friend (female).

I'm very sporty.

Cat L Child's Audio 2, track 51

J'écoute et j'entoure 'vrai' ou 'faux' (I listen and I circle true or false).

Antoine, quelle est la date de ton anniversaire ?

Mon anniversaire, c'est le quatorze octobre, en automne.

Antoine, what's the date of your birthday?

My birthday is on the 14th of October, in autumn.

Agathe, quelle est la date de ton anniversaire ?

Mon anniversaire, c'est le treize janvier, en hiver.

Agathe, what's the date of your birthday?

My birthday is on the 13th of January, in winter.

Sylvain, quelle est la date de ton anniversaire ?

Mon anniversaire, c'est le vingt-huit mai, au printemps.

Sylvain, what's the date of your birthday?

My birthday is on the 28th of May, in spring.

Émilie, quelle est la date de ton anniversaire ?

Mon anniversaire, c'est le seize août, en été.

Émilie, what's the date of your birthday?

My birthday is on the 16th of August, in summer.

Cat M

Which two countries are separated by the Pyrenees mountain range? Answer *La France* and *L'Espagne* – France and Spain.



Happy Language Learning

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